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FIVE STRAWS

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FIVE STRAWS GATHERED FROM REV-OLUTIONARY FIELDS

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Gathered from REVOLU-TIONARY FIELDS By HIRAM BINGHAM, Jun





CAMBRIDGE (Massachusetts), In the Year

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By Hiram Bingham, Jun.

N. S. 7

To Her
who has always made
CHRISTMAS DAY
the happiest Day of all the Year
MY MOTHER



OOD Friend, Beware! Here thou hast no Learned Treatise. Here is no Poem, divinely inspired. In thy Hands thou dost not hold aught but a few Straws, a mere Sheaflet. Here are no great Thoughts, no Flights of the Imagination, no proud Records. If, from the *Title*, some should suppose that here they might find somewhat of Use in the Harvesting of their Grain, let them be undeceived, for of all fuch not one will fail to be grievously disappointed .-Lest thou, most gentle Reader, suffer with them, hear the Fable of the Straws & from it learn the Use to which thou mayest put this little Sheaf.-In a far Country there lived a Mariner whose

Name was unknown to all his Fellows, but whose Fame extendeth even to this Day. He was wont to go out on the Deep in Ships of great Burthen, in Barques, of all Men he was most justly famed for going of returning quickly.

Now it was seen that when the Wind blew with great Strength this Man was no more successful than his Fellows, but when the Wind was soft so that no one knew whether it blew this Way or

Of the Nature of this Booke

Of Counfel to the Reader

Of the Fable of the Straws

Of the Succefs of the Mariner Of his Death

Of his Secret that, this Man was alway the First to arrive in Port. And no one knew the cause thereof (for their eyes were feeble).

Now when the Days of the Life of this Man had reached fourscore Years & eighteen, he died. his Chest were found his greatest Treasures & with them a small Sheaf of Straws bound together with a Wisp. For many Years no Man knew the meaning of these Straws nor did anyone understand the Secret of the Successful Seaman. But at length there came a Day whereon the Mast of the Ship in which he had died was taken down. And lo, to the Top of the Mast was found affixed a Straw like those in the Chest. Then was brought to Mind the Custom of that Man, how in a soft Wind it was his wont to gaze steadfastly at the Top of the Mast. By the Straw which he had fixed there was he able to gauge the Direction of the Wind, even though it blew foftly this Way & that. was he more successful than his Fellows. Now when this became known among them, they went & did likewise, even unto this Day .-If thou hast not been among Seamen, believe me this is true. But if thou art already conversant with the Ways of Seamen & yet hast never feen the Straw at the Top of each Mast, thine Eyes must also be feeble. Remember the

Of the Ways of Seamen



W a r n i n g ! !

Seamen who faw not the Wind Gauge of their Fellow.

Now as there are Winds and Winds, Currents of Air & Currents of Thought, fo there are Straws & Straws, Some for the Sailor & Some for the

Searcher after Truth.-

Those Straws that are most easily seen are often too large to shew the Direction of the softest Winds. But the more delicate Straws are feen only with Difficulty. Of these last, perchance, thou mayest find here a fundry Few.-They have been gathered from Revolutionary Fields, being the Letters written from the Camp to his Home by a Soldier of the Continental If thou dost defire to understand the Mysteries of the Hearts of Men and their Actions one toward another, thou mayest perchance find a Straw in this Sheaf that will show thee fome new Current of Feeling. thou art feeking to comprehend the Thoughts of thy Fathers when they fought to cast off the Yoke which their Fathers had laid upon them, then thou mayest well consider all these Straws. For they are of those Days.-

Of Divers Kinds of Straws

Of the Nature of thefe Five Straws T h e W i f p

Y Winde doeth blowe—
And Thou wouldst knowe
Whaer it doeth goe—
A Straw maie shewe.

Still Water August 6th 1777 — About 24 Miles from Albany

ROTHER: Having fo convenient an Opportunity, though Time be ever fo precious, I will take a Minute to give you some Idea of my present Situation & of this Part of the Globe. I suppose you have had some Information of our Retreating from Place to Place by the Letter I wrote to my Father when at Moses Creek—Since then we left that Place & march'd to Saratoga & from thence to Still Water—having a few cut off by the *Indians* during the March — by what I can learn the Generals are now determined to make a Stand — I shall not be very particular in giving you an Account of our whole Retreat from Ticonderoga to this Place as you have had it by my Father's Letter & will have a good Opportunity of getting Information by way of Col: Long's Reg!-

The Army are somewhat unhealthy, their Disease being chiefly the Fever Ague & Dysentery, scarcely any but what have had some Complaint—Col: Wire's Son, a Captain in Our Reg! died last Thursday at Albany of the Wound he receiv'd at Fort Ann, & was very decently inter'd, & is greatly lamented, much

Of his prefent Situation

Of the Retreat of Gen! Gates' Army

Of Col? Wire's Son Of the Method of Living

> Of his Health

may be faid to his Praise, he was couragious, fought like a Hero, was friendly, & much belov'd, in the Camp. Macclintock has had a long Spell of Sickness of the Fever Ague, is growing better. Col. Scammell's is very poorly of the fame Disorder but getting better.-It is not at all to be wondered at if we have a few fick, when living upon fresh Provision & lodging upon the bare Ground cover'd with Dew without Blanketts having a few Boards for Cover — But now they begin to be more healthy as they get hardned to this Method of living — I find there is a great deal in U/e, when at Ticonderoga I thought I had very poor lodging, when laying on my Mattress, what can I fay now — this I can, that I fleep as well upon the Ground as ever I did on a Bed, but how long shall this be my Mind, God only knows - Since I left Ti: I have purchas'd a Blankett which I find very useful — at Night I wrap myfelf in it & lay down upon the bare Ground & fometimes upon Boards, in the Morning my Blankett is wet, cover'd with Dew: But after all these troublesome Scenes I am still the fame, in good Health, hoping long to continue fo, & live to give our Enemies a severe Flogging yet, & be in Possession of my Baggage they

took at Skeen/borough - I have this to comfort myself with, that I sav'd myself with what I had on, which happen'd not to be my best -Cloaths are amazing dear here as well as every thing else. R. Shirts are fold for 20 & 25 Dollars a piece — if my Wages were not higher than I expected when at Home, I would by no means tarry, but as they are raif'd, & for the Love I have for the *Country*, I can by no Mean's think of leaving the Army — I hope to get fome Cloathing here to rub along for the prefent, & if I should not come Home in the Fall, I should be glad to have some Cloathing sent me — If there is a good Opportunity I should be glad of a cotten & linnen Shirt & one Ruffle'd with Couple neck Stocks & a Pair or two of worsted Stockings, I shall not mention any more as it will be troublesome getting them here at fo great a Distance — I saved none of my Cloaths except my wilton Coat, I white Jackett, I p' thick cloth Breeches I Shirt, I p' Stockings, I p' Shoes, Hatt, & Great Coat — Almost all the Officers & Soldiers shar'd the fame Fate which makes Cloathing fo excelsive dear.-A Soldier's Life is fuch that no one can have a

true Idea of without the Trial.

Of his Cloaths

Of leaving the Army

Of his Needs

Of what he saved

Of a Soldier's Life Of his Friends

Of Forage

Tories

There is several of my old Acquaintance from Massachusetts State, my Freshman Sumner at College, who is a Captain of a Company from Milton — D. Hastings, Surgeon of a Reg! — Haywood & Maynard my ClassMates — There is a Number of very respectable Gentlemen in the Army.—

There is a very good Crop in these Parts, but soon comes a Defolation, wherever we march we keep our Horses in the Fields among Corn & Oats, So that the Enemy if they gain the Ground may have poor fare for them & their Horses.— Tories are very troublesome here—many of them take up Arms against us & lurk in the Woods with the Indians waiting for a Sculp. It is believ'd the Tories have sculp'd many of their Countrymen as there is a Premium from Burgoyne for Sculps. They are daily taken & brought in by our Scouts & I believe some of them will swing very soon.—

The Indians treat both Sexes with the fame Barbarity, have kill'd & sculp'd whole Family's together Men Women & Children, at one Place as our Men were passing they saw a Man his Wife & Children sculp'd (by those Savages) gaping & expiring & the Hogs rooting their Bodv's.-

A few Day's ago I rode a little Distance from Camp where we had a few Men stationed to guard the Sick. I had just past the Place where a Party of Indians happened to lay & stop'd at the first House talking with an Officer; as I set upon my Horse, out rush'd those Indians & fir'd at some Men swimming in the Water & chaf'd Some as they were passing, I feeing this scream'd to the Guard to pursue them, and rode towards them, they discharg'd their Pieces towards us & fir'd one Ball into the House not far from the Door where I was: immediately upon our purfuing them they ran into the Woods & got off, we were in fuch Haste they had not Time to get a Sculp, they kill'd two, One shot in the Water who got out & ran a confiderable Distance before he fell -Since then they have cut off more of our Men — One Hundred Indians in the Woods do us more harm than 1000 British Troops.

OfIndians

Of an exciting Adventure

Of Indians as Troops

Turkey Farm - near Albany October 9th 1777

HAVE the Pleasure to inform You that Burgoine is retreating in the greatest Confusion, that we have drove them out of their Lines with the Loss of feveral Hundred of their Men kill'd, wounded & taken Prisoners, the Day before Yesterday, likewise a considerable Number of Tents & Cannon. Particulars have not yet [reached me] as I am a little Distance from the Army making out my Pay Rolls. The Hessians are very troublefome to Burgoine, keep a continual Quarrelling with the British Troops, and defert very fast. There is more or less [Desertion] every Day; fometimes they come in almost half Companys. We have been very successful of late. the Battle about a Fortnight ago, have had Intelligence almost every Day from their Army by Deserters or Prisoners.

The last Battle before this, we unhappily lost some brave Officers: our L! Col! Colburn, Col! Adams, & a Lieu! in our Reg! — and a few others wounded. Cap! Bell of Newcastle is very badly wounded, shot thro the Side.

Never Men behav'd better than ours did [in] the late Battle; as was the Expression of Gen! Gates

Of the Retreat of Burgoine

Of the Hessians

Of their Losses

Of the Battle of October 7th

S 70 about two Brigades, chiefly Newhampshire Troops [who] fac'd almost their whole Army & obliged them to retreat feveral Times. I hope we shall soon break up Burgoines Army fo that I may have a convenient Opportunity of coming Home - I expect to come Home Of going Home in about two months. I receiv'd your Letter dated Augst 25th, Sept 4th —with the Shirt & two p' Stockings, which came Of his Cloaths at a very fuitable Time as I was much in want of them — now I hope I shall be able to rub along 'till I can come Home. Of his The Coat which you have mention'd of Cap: Coat Yeaton's, I can well do without, & if it is agreeable to him to take it again with fome Confideration for Damages, twould fuit me much better, than to give that Price—As I expect to take one out of the Store. But if you think he would not be very willing to take it, without the least hard Thought, by all means keep it, & I will fee him fatisfied. If you will buy me a good Hatt against I come Of a Hatt Home I should be exceeding glad. For the Particulars of the late Transactions & Of the of the *Enemy's Retreat &* the *Loss* they sustain'd News You can have by way of M' Storer at Col. Lang-

Col: Langdon or Cap! Hill [will give you]

a much better Account than I am able to give You, as I am a little Distance from Camp & in great Haste.

Having nothing further to write at present I must bid you adieu.

Wm Weeks

P.S. Remember me to all my Friends & old Acquaintance—let them know that I am in Health & expect to fee them foon.——

[To Maj. William Weeks att Greenland]

[Note: Nothing shows more graphically the confusion and excitement, in the midst of which this letter was written, than the number of omissions evinced by the square brackets. It will be noticed that more words had to be supplied in this letter than in all the others combined.—

To his Father Fish Kill Nov 3. 1777

Of the Movements of the Troops

> Of the Northern Troops

> > Of the Itch

【HO' we are in the greatest Confusion & Hurry, being on a March from Albany to Philadelphia (as we have now receiv'd Orders), I, having an Opportunity to fend Home, by way of Serj' Chase of Stratham, will write a few Lines to let you know that I am well. & that fince the Surrender of Burgoine's Army at Saratoga, there has been little or nothing to do there, & that the chief of the Troops are now marching toward New York. Gen! Poors Brigade expect to proceed on to Philadelphia to join Gen! Washington - Last Night we got to this Place & immediately we shall march on to Peeks Kill &c — This March toward *Philadelphia* was not only very unexpected but very little wish'd for, as the Northern Troops have been this Campaign much neglected by Gen! Congress, not only as to Money but Cloaths. Our Officers & Men in general are destitute of Money & have the Itch very badly. Soon I expect the Money will come & their Wants be relieved & I hope cured of the Itch-

Militia for Peeks Kill-

 α

A few Days ago I expected to fee Home soon - but now I expect the Time will be long first as we are going from Home-I am forry that I am under a Necessity to write fomething that's very disagreeable as the Death of a dear Relation — My *Uncle Storer*, who died very fuddenly the Night before we left Albany — While we were at Saratoga he complain'd of a bad Cold; the Night before we left there I flept with him; & advif'd him to leave the Reg' & tarry at some House till he got better—Hesaid if he did not feel better he would. next Morning we all fet out for Albany with Burgoine & his Troops - About Nine Miles from Albany we had to cross 3 Sprouts i. e. small Rivers, just before we came to them my Uncle had his Horse stolen — He got on a Waggon The Waggon overset & to ride over them. wet him from Head to Foot - This, with the Cold he just before had, was the Means of carrying him from Time to Eternity, in fo short a Space of Time-My Cousen Foseph Storer was well a few Days ago, when I left him at Albany. He expected to march the next Day with New Hampshire

Of the Death of his Uncle

Of his Cousen

Sir: Being in the greatest Haste must beg

T h	ird Straw
	Leave to subscribe myself Your very obedient & dutiful Son W. Weeks [To Major William Weeks att Greenland New Hampshire]

Camp Valley Forge, Feb. 16th 1778 T being a Custom with me to write every Opportunity, it would be odd if I should neglect this, to write, by my old Friend Cap' Kimball of Atkisson — The first thing I must enter upon is the Scarcity of Provision Death feem'd to stare the poor Soldiers in the Face; for this five Days the Soldiers have not drawn [the] Tenth Part of their Allowance; which I believe is chiefly owing to the Com! Gen!: Neglett, and for which G-d grant he may suffer. This Day Gen! Washington was acquainted of the Treatment the Army had met with, and immediately made a strict Enquiry into the Matter, and foon found out fome Method to the better Support of his Army — I believe for the future we shall have much better Fare, as fo good a Man as his Excellency has been thoroughly acquainted with the Treatment we have receiv'd, and as he must know that if an Army is not well supported that not so great Dependance can be put upon them-This Moment arriv'd a Quantity of Beef which

feem'd to give foy to every distressing Soul— As foon as the Brigade Commissary receiv'd Of the Scarcity of Provisions

Of Gen! Washington

Of Joy

Of the Bearer of the Letter it, he cries out to the Soldiers—come unto me ye that are a hungred & I will give you to eat & behold they flock'd around him as thick as Bees, & when they had all eat, they gave him Thanks: & of the Fragments that remain'd, I am fure [they] would not have fill'd one Bafkitt—Joy feems to be feen in every Countenance fince the reverse of Fortune, G—d g—t it may continue so

I am fomewhat defirous to fee Greenland before another Campaign comes on, as an Opportunity then cannot well be had—And I amyet undetermin'd about coming Home, But feeing fo many going off, I may possibly take the Start with Doctor Hovey in about one Month—Gen! Sullivan expects to fet out in a few Days for New Hampshire—This Day I must be at Gen! Sullivan's to take a Dinner with him. The other Day I had as great an Honour confer'd upon me—I had the Honour to

Of Honours conferred

take a Glass of Wine with Gen! Washington & bis Lady — But at the same time I should count as great an Honour to have the satisfaction of feeing converfing & taking a Glass of Wine with my - Friends at Home-If an Opportunity can be had by some safe Hand I should be glad of a *Shirt* or two, with a p? or two false Sleeves a Couple p. Stockings, few Stocks of course, p. white Breeches made full large, with a white Waistcoat and if a good Hatt can be fent me it would be greatly agreeable to have the Breeches & Waistcoat homefour—Cloathing of every kind being excessive dear & scarce here (& it being uncertain whether I shall come Home or no)-If any thing of the above can be fent me, let the Price be ever so large, [it] would be very agreeable-

Of his Needs

Please to remember me to all Friends at Home W. Weeks

N.B. I should be glad to have the above salse Sleeves ruffled—The above would come safe by any commist Officer of the Battalion—N.B. I should be glad if you would be careful of speaking about the bad Fare of the Army, As it might be a Discouragement to the Men to enlist—

Of Matters of Importance Of the fmall Pox & of Innoculation

Of the End of one Daniels of Durham

Camp Valley Forge April 30th 1778 EAR BROTHER — Since my last I have had the Honour of having the small Pox by way of Innoculation, & fo favourable that I fcarcely expect to have a Receipt for it - Since that I have been fo unhappy as to have the Fever Ague, which has brought me very low, reduc'd me far more, than dieting for the *[mall Pox — The [mall Pox]* was nothing more to me, than dieting -1 took the Air every Day whilst I had it, & had but one fick Turn worth mentioning, that was when the Pox was coming out—All our New England Troops who had not [had] the small Pox, have been innoculated & but very few died — It put an End to one Daniels of Durham a Corporal in Col. Scammell's Reg! who took it the natural Way, he made not the least Preparation, supposing he had it the last War - He was a very civil Fellow, worthy of Promotion, the best of the Name — The Fever Ague with which I have been troubled, has paid a Visit to many of our New England Troops, but are all like to do well — There is a Prospect of our having a Grand Army in the Field foon — the Troops come in very fast from the Southward —

As the Campaign is coming on, I have but little Expectation of coming Home before Commencement. Should be glad [if] you would fend the Money for my Degree, and I will fatisfy you when I return — Likewife I should be glad if I could have fent me fomething for Summer Dress As there is nothing to be had here without giving more than treble the Hats here are fold for 30 Dolworth of it. lars Shoes 8 d' and other things in Proportion — The following Articles would be very agreeable as the Summer Approaches fast — 1 or 2 fine Shirts — 1 or 2 P. white Stockings, few Stocks & *Pockett* Handkerchiefs—a P. white Breeches & Waistcoat — I should be very glad of the above Articles, if they can be fent conveniently, by any safe Hand. I imagine an Opportunity may be had by way of L. Wedgwood of North Hill who offer'd to bring any thing of the kind for me.-

I have been looking out this some time for a Letter from Home, but behold none appeareth—I should be glad You would write the first, & every Opportunity, & give me a good

Of the End of the War

Of his Degree

Of his Summer Dress

Of an Inexpressible Satisfa&ion Fi f t h S α w History of every thing that has happen'd fince my leaving Home as it would give me an inexpressible Satisfaction-PS. Remember me to all Friends-Wm Weeks $\lceil To \rceil$ Mr. Clem! Weeks att Greenland -1 [Note: The coveted degree, an "A. M.," was duly secured by the payment of ten dollars. He had already received an "A. B." in 1775 — see page 29. H. B.]

I WEEKS was born at the Time of the Beginning of the French & Indian War, in 1755, in a little Settlement which lies a few Miles South West of Portsmouth, New Hampshire, & which carries the forbidding Name of Greenland. He was one of thirteen Children .-His Father, Major William Weeks, had feen Service in the New Hampshire Horse Guards, but at the Time of the Letters he was Justice of the Peace in Greenland & in the Quorum of Rockingham County. To him the Education of his Children was a Matter of the gravest Concern. His Daughters were educated in the Schools of Boston, and two of his Sons, Clement & W^m Weeks, were fent to Harvard. W'' Weeks came to Cambridge at the Age of His College Course was not without Variety. During his Junior Year occurred the Boston Tea Party, while in the Spring of his Senior Year came the Days of Lexington & Concord, of the Marshalling of Troops & of the Siege of Boston. Shortly after returning Home, he enlifted "for four Months" to aid in the Defense of PortsOf the Writer of the Letters

Of his Father

Of his Life at Harvard 1771–1775

Of his Enlistment 1775

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Of his Commission 1776 Of his Refignation 1778 Of his Death 1843	flatione jeant" i A Year Paymash Hampsh It was wrote t which p olutiona He resi ist, 17 Two Ye (Of his thirteen of Hope He die	d on In "Cap In "Cap In later in the later I	r. In No Pierce's In No Pierce's In No Pierce's In No Pierce's In No Pierce In Control of Pierce In October 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	Mand & Company ed his pontinen ommand this his Fa the da to live to ber, in second last Last second last Last second last Last second last last last last last last last last	acte y"— s Con tal R d of C Capacather ily Li Paym 780, Mar Days in 3, in	mmifsi eg! of ol? Sca eity th & Br fe of a mafter, Gree he ma riage, n the	on as New ammel. at he cother Rev- June nland. arried. of his Town

E d d y - W i n d s

EATHER-WAFT, up & down, with every eddy-wind - thus does Nathaniel Ward characterize some of his fellow-countrymen in 1647. But eddy-winds were not confined to the early years of the American Revolution. To be fure, many of them are now forgotten, unknown, or mifunderstood. Their causes are even more obscure than their own existence. Their *effetts* are fometimes noticed but often assigned to wrong causes. In truth the History of the American Revolution has never been written. There are hundreds of books which deal with the fubiect but they only show the crying necessity for a comprehensive work which shall cover the period in its entirety & deferve to be read & re-read as long as there are Americans who need to study the problems of history & government.-

But to produce fuch a work would require the fervices of a trained body of scholars for thirty years, while the true significance of such an undertaking is not sufficiently appreciated to warrant the outlay of time, money & men that would be required. At present the reading

Of the Nature of Eddy-winds

Of a Hiflorie





Of the voice of the Majority

public demands "Historical Novels," "founded on facts," with the foundations buried fo far underground that they are lost to view. Thirty years from now it may defire more truth & lefs But the people of this day & generation are not given to undertakings which do not promife immediate returns. They are too busy. To most of them, anything like a forest, which takes a generation in which to mature, is not worth planting. The idea of promoting a Historical Plant whose fruit would not ripen for thirty years, appears to them perfectly absurd. "Let the trees plant themselves; they have done well enough alone in the past." "Let works of History come as they please. Let those who choose publish (if they can find a publisher)." Thus am I filenced. The Ma-Nevertheless we have a "United iority rules. States Forester " & some day.—— But what has all this to do with the Eddywinds which are shown by these Revolutionary Straws? Certainly I ought to be grateful that there is not yet in existence any body of experts who are devoting their entire time to the confideration of the problems of the American If there were, my little book Revolution.would have no raison d'être. As it is I have

Of a Record of Observations

E d d y - W i n d s

affixed the Straws where they may be feen and studied. I have watched their turning a little myself & have jotted down the record. reads like a collection of Weather Reports, I shall be satisfied. But before I give it you, I am going to make a prophecy. (A prophet is only a fool— fo let me prophefy.) There will be a time when the value of Truth will be fo appreciated that nothing needed in its Search will be found wanting. Yea, there will be found men, money & time to work together uninterruptedly for a whole generation, if need be, in fearch of the historical truth that lies in the American Revolution.

A Prophecy

Meanwhile here is the Record of Observations. The defeat of Burgoyne was the turning point of the war. The first three letters cover part of the campaign before & after his defeat. In order that sentences worthy of special attention may not be overlooked I have repeated a few of them with brief comment.

Vide page

"The Army are fomewhat unhealthy, their Difease being chiefly the Fever Ague & Disentery, scarcely any but what have had some Complaint." Over a hundred years ago our armies suffered from the same disorders which afflict them now. Thus do we take advantage of the ex-

E d	d	y -	W	i	n	d	S
Vide page 13	proper cl cover'd "A Sold a true I we are the Arm	of our foothing & with Devicer's Life dea of was not accustoment of the control o	flept" we without it is fuch it is fuch to the to the made we will be seen to the made will be se	ipon that that notes that notes that notes that the Trial hink of the second second the	ne bar iketts io one al." & be backw	e Gro ."————————————————————————————————————	have yet that nen,
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as long as he did. the American officer of "Coats" & "Howeverient Opportunity of Thanksgiving].—"Tories are very the what follows this was to apply to Americ have "Iculp'd many of difficult for us to be had offered a premitheless the whole magoes a long way to of the Tories & the cumstances you coul of the Continental to "Iwing" as soon "There is a Number men in the Army." we are left to surmit rest assured that the ber" of men whose them agreeable con Harvard Graduate.	s were tts" & f coming OUBLESC s certai ans who f their (feve tha am for arrative explain r allies. I hardly Army fo s he go of very Of what e as we training apanion	thinking of "findig Home" The Home here. The here here here here here here here h	fo ming a [in of lieved n."] In Gen Ne feulpi fe ha fuch my Solg a Tince.— It we the at we in a n ing n ir you	rom thet d to It is neral ver- ing tred cir- dier cory ntle- reft, can um- nade oung	Vide 14 & Vide 14	
"My Freshman Sun a Company from Mi at Harvard for the					Vide 14	page

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Vide page 13	forgotte are not pity the in Coll "If my when a they are try, I coll It must	en, it thard at the ege Ti y wage t Home raifed in by ne the	has to fir opporaditi s wer e, I v e, S fo o Med onfel	niors. borne nd even ortunity ons has re not in would by or the Lo ans think sed tha	fruit to-da for c beco higher no mo ove I h k of lea t this	& ray. Stareful me le than to than aving gives	efemble Etill it educate fs.— I exp arry, be or the C the Ar	is a ation etted ut as Coun- my."
Vide page 16 Vide page 20	of a sh tionary alism r whose army, put an he had "My Weeks had be him to only er In add over a "Our	ock to Soldier To one pay when the incrediffer he Wages was a ten raif to keep to expended he ition to year.— Officers	wouver in the control of this	notions n these ld be infussion Revolution n his wountry in forty De master. was bare clean lie that a b buy two s he had Men in e the I	of the days furprisent flutional ages is qui bellars. His inen. I monwo chell rece	he ide of gre fed if fould ary he before te im p' M falar ficien Ru th's eap or ived i	eal Recofs may an Oriente the possible onth. The pay where (p. no pay where design pay wher	wolu- ateri- fficer the ould love le.— W ^m er it hable hirts ould 13). y for Citute

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is difficult to see the connection here unless one reads the next fentence: "Soon I expett the Money will come & their Wants be relieved & I hope cured of the Itch" — which was evidently the well known disease which afflicts the palm of the hand, instead of being, as some have supposed, "an inflammation caused by the presence of a Sarcoptes scabiei." The latter has nothing whatever to do with Money but rather with Cleanliness. "Gen! Congress" was undoubtedly responsible for the presence of this deplorable state of affairs.-The scene shifts from the valley of the Hudson to the Camp at Valley Forge.-The Winter at Valley Forge was the crucial test of the American people. There were they weighed in the balances & found fufficient. The last two letters give us a glimpse of the intense severity of the process. "This Moment arriv'd a Quantity of Beef which Vide page feem'd to give Joy to every distressing Soul." starving foldiers living on less than one-tenth rations; the faith in "fo good a man as His Excellency;" the exuberant joy; what a picture! It needs no comment — but it needs to be read & re-read.-"I had the Honour to take a Glass of Wine

E d d y - W i n dS

Vide page

use them.

divers other Eddy-winds.-

with Gen! Washington & his Lady." Imagine the feelings of a young Harvard man of twenty-three drinking the health of the Caufe with fuch companions! The personal influence of Washington kept the Army alive during the winter of 1777-8. To fully appreciate it, read again of the sufferings, & then read the last sentence in the letter: "I should be glad if you would be careful of speaking about the bad Fare of the Army, as it might be a Discouragement to the men to enlist." (That fentence deferves to live. It might not be out of place, framed, in some of our Newspaper Offices.) We need no further evidence that W'' Week's had talked with "His Excellency."-Here the Record stops. Take the Straws & Perchance they may shew you

Vide page

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December 25th 1901





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